

Formula Sheet

1. QUANTUM FORMULAE

$$\frac{dU}{df} = \frac{8\pi V f^2}{c^3} \frac{hf}{e^{hf/k_B T} - 1} \quad (1.1)$$

$$KE_{\max} = hf - \phi \quad (1.2)$$

$$\lambda' - \lambda = \frac{h}{m_e c} (1 - \cos \theta) \quad (1.3)$$

$$2d \sin \theta = m\lambda \quad (1.4)$$

$$\Delta p_x \Delta x \geq \frac{\hbar}{2} \quad (1.5)$$

$$\hat{p}_x = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}; \quad \hat{E} = i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \quad (1.6)$$

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi(x,t)}{\partial x^2} + U(x,t) \Psi(x,t) = i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi(x,t)}{\partial t} \quad (1.7)$$

$$\phi(t) = e^{-\frac{iEt}{\hbar}} \quad (1.8)$$

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2 \psi(x)}{dx^2} + U(x) \psi(x) = E \psi(x) \quad (1.9)$$

$$\Delta Q = \sqrt{Q^2 - \bar{Q}^2} \quad (1.10)$$

$$E_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2mL^2} \quad (1.11)$$

$$\psi_n(x) = A_n H_n(y) e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}}; \quad y = \frac{x}{(\hbar^2 / mk)^{1/4}} \quad (1.12)$$

$$E_n = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hbar \omega_0 = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hbar \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \quad (1.13)$$

$$U(r) = \frac{q_1 q_2}{4\pi \epsilon_0 r} \quad (1.14)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{(4\pi \epsilon_0) \hbar^2}{m_e e^2} \quad (1.15)$$

$$E_n = -\frac{mZ^2 e^4}{(4\pi \epsilon_0)^2 2\hbar^2 n^2} \quad (1.16)$$

$$m = \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} \quad (1.17)$$

$$\hat{L}_x = -i\hbar \left(y \frac{\partial}{\partial z} - z \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) = i\hbar \left(\sin \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot \theta \cos \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \quad (1.18)$$

$$\hat{L}_y = -i\hbar \left(z \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) = i\hbar \left(-\cos \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot \theta \sin \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right) \quad (1.19)$$

$$\hat{L}_z = -i\hbar \left(x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} - y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \quad (1.20)$$

$$\hat{L}^2 = -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right) \quad (1.21)$$

(1.22)

ℓ, m_ℓ	$\Theta_{\ell, m_\ell}(\theta) \Phi_{m_\ell}(\phi)$
0,0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi}}$
1,0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{4\pi}} \cos \theta$
1,±1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{8\pi}} \sin \theta e^{\pm i\phi}$
2,0	$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{16\pi}} (3 \cos^2 \theta - 1)$
2,±1	$\frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{8\pi}} \cos \theta \sin \theta e^{\pm i\phi}$
2,±2	$\frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{32\pi}} \sin^2 \theta e^{\pm 2i\phi}$
3,0	$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{16\pi}} (5 \cos^3 \theta - 3 \cos \theta)$
3,±1	$\frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{64\pi}} (5 \cos^2 \theta - 1) \sin \theta e^{\pm i\phi}$
3,±2	$\frac{\sqrt{105}}{\sqrt{32\pi}} \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta e^{\pm 2i\phi}$
3,±3	$\frac{\sqrt{35}}{\sqrt{64\pi}} \sin^3 \theta e^{\pm 3i\phi}$

(1.23)

n, ℓ	$R_{n,\ell}(r)$ for $Z = 1, m = m_e$
1,0	$\frac{1}{a_0^{3/2}} 2 e^{-r/a_0}$
2,0	$\frac{1}{(2a_0)^{3/2}} 2 \left(1 - \frac{r}{2a_0}\right) e^{-r/2a_0}$
2,1	$\frac{1}{(2a_0)^{3/2}} \frac{r}{\sqrt{3}a_0} e^{-r/2a_0}$
3,0	$\frac{1}{(3a_0)^{3/2}} \left(2 - \frac{4r}{3a_0} + \frac{4r^2}{27a_0^2}\right) e^{-r/3a_0}$
3,1	$\frac{1}{(3a_0)^{3/2}} \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{9} \frac{r}{a_0} \left(1 - \frac{r}{6a_0}\right) e^{-r/3a_0}$
3,2	$\frac{1}{(3a_0)^{3/2}} \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{27\sqrt{5}} \frac{r^2}{a_0^2} e^{-r/3a_0}$

2. MATH FORMULAE

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\sin(A \pm B) = \sin A \cos B \pm \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A \pm B) = \cos A \cos B \mp \sin A \sin B$$

$$\sin A \pm \sin B = 2 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(A \pm B)\right] \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(A \mp B)\right]$$

$$\cos A + \cos B = 2 \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(A + B)\right] \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(A - B)\right]$$

$$\cos A - \cos B = -2 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(A + B)\right] \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(A - B)\right]$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\theta); \quad \sin^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2\theta)$$

$$f(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x-a) + \frac{1}{2!} f''(a)(x-a)^2 + \dots$$

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots$$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

$$\int \sin ax \, dx = -\frac{\cos ax}{a}; \quad \int \cos ax \, dx = \frac{\sin ax}{a}$$

$$\int x \sin ax \, dx = \frac{\sin ax}{a^2} - \frac{x \cos ax}{a}$$

$$\int x \cos ax \, dx = \frac{\cos ax}{a^2} + \frac{x \sin ax}{a}$$

$$\int \sin^2 ax \, dx = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2ax}{4a};$$

$$\int x \sin^2 ax \, dx = \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x \sin 2ax}{4a} - \frac{\cos 2ax}{8a^2}$$

$$\int x^2 \sin^2 ax \, dx = \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{x^2 \sin 2ax}{4a} - \frac{x \cos 2ax}{4a^2} + \frac{\sin 2ax}{8a^3}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^m e^{-bx} \, dx = \frac{m!}{b^{m+1}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-a(z-b)^2} \, dz = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-az^2+bz} \, dz = e^{b^2/4a} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z e^{-a(z-b)^2} \, dz = b \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z^2 e^{-az^2} \, dz = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a^3}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z^2 e^{-a(z-b)^2} \, dz = \left(\frac{1}{2a} + b^2\right) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + \dots$$

3. FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANTS

$$c \equiv 299792458 \text{ m/s}$$

$$e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$m_e = 9.109 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_p = 1.673 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_n = 1.675 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$1 \text{ u} = 1.661 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg} = 931.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ Fm}^{-1}$$

$$\mu_0 \equiv 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ NA}^{-2}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}; \quad \hbar = 1.055 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$$

$$k_B = 1.381 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$$

$$a_0 = 5.292 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$$

$$R_{\infty} = 1.097 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^{-1}$$